

Approaches to the analysis of experimental data on small laboratory animals

The algorithmic block was carried out within the state assignment of Ministry of Science and Higher Education of the Russian Federation (theme No. 124092700007-4).

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RELEVANCE





- Now the accuracy is >93% (mammography, fluography)
- The use of ML systems accelerates the description of mammographic examination by 30-40%.
- ML provides a significant (by 15-25%) increase in the accuracy of predicting cancer predisposition, relapses and mortality.
- According to the results of AI testing to detect breast cancer, the time to describe the study is reduced by 15-50%.
- DL can not only accurately distinguish between the two most common subtypes of lung cancer, adenocarcinoma and squamous cell carcinoma, but also predict mutated genes from images.
- etc.

General scheme of our experiments



DATA AND METADATA

Behavioral laboratory room





Behavioral analysis

	<u>3 min</u>	Grooming	Sectors crossings	Center entrance	Stand ups	Hole dipping	Freezing
	Control	8	-	7		5	•
	Irradiated	5	4	6	3	4	0
	<u>6 min</u>						
-	<u>control</u>	5	1	4	*	-	1
	Irradiated	2	5	4		7	1

Distance moved - Total

In Arena Zones

K+C

P+C

600

400

200 -0



Tasks of the algorithmic block of the Information System

Behavioral part:

Etc.

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- Analysis of the experimental field markup
- Tracking the position of the animal as part of the experiment
- Classification and determination of the type of animal activity





Tools for histological analysis



Comprehensive analysis of biological data + IT



Artificial intelligence cannot replace specialists. But it can become an excellent tool for data mining.







Computer vision & data analisis

<u>3 min</u>	Grooming	Center entrance	Stand ups	Hole dipping	
<u>Control</u>	1.1±0.5	3.8±2.5	7.2±5.9	4.1±2.0	
<u>Irradiated</u>	1.3±0.6	3.4±1.9	11±5.9	6.1±2.2*	a Dorbs of 1
<u>6 min</u>			- Personal Person		
<u>Control</u>	1.3±0.6	3.6±2.3	8.9±4.7	3.0±1.3	al formation and
<u>Irradiated</u>	0.8±0.5	4.3±2.9	19±6.5*	4.6±3.1	Correl Corres

Algorithmic block

for analyzing video data from experiments on the Morris Water Maze



Setup field marking

- External and internal boundaries of the pool
- Platform Area Detection
 CV: Filtering and
 Hough transformation



Object detection CV: background subtraction, Filtering Binarization edge extraction



Local tracking

- Detect an object on the first frame
- Determine local area centered on the point of the object`s CM
- Detect the object in the next frame



Dataset: Trajectories For classification tasks Marking the pool border, mouse, start and finish points, the mouse and its trajectory

Algorithmic block: 8-class classification problem



Web service for «Morris Water Maze» behavioral test



We are developing a Web service for the trajectory analysis of laboratory animals in the «Morris Water Maze» behavioral test

- ✓ Developed and tested algorithm for trajectory construction
- ✓ Received trajectories are annotated
- ✓ Created a dataset for classification
- ✓ Currently improving our Web service to classify the trajectories



Histological part: Algorithmic block

Classification

Whole image analysis approach: the instance segmentation For task U-net neural network architecture is well suited. However, the required accuracy was not achieved.

II. Approach is based on a two-stage algorithm

Stage 1. The problem of segmentation is solved for further cutting out the object:







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